ADDENDUM NO. ONE

TRAFFIC SIGNAL 104TH AVENUE AT WASHINGTON PLAZA

PROJECT NO. 22-104

CITY OF THORNTON, CO

TO: Prospective Bidders and all others concerned

DATE: December 7, 2022

PURPOSE: To provide additional information and clarification to the solicitation

documents for the above-referenced Project.

1. The following information shall become part of the original Request for Proposal (RFP) for this Project.

A. Add the underlying documents listed below and attached to this Addendum One at the end of Section IX APPENDIX:

APPENDIX B AFFIDAVIT OF SMALL BUSINESS PARTICIPATION

and;

APPENDIX C- CDOT PROFESSIONAL SERVICES LOCAL AGENCY CIVIL RIGHTS AND DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE (DBE) CONTRACT REQUIREMENTS.

2. The following questions and answers are provided for additional clarification to the RFP.

Question 1: "The language in the submittal list implies that we should be submitting as a separate package our labor breakdown and Schedule C? Are we intended to omit all fees from this package as well?"

Answer 1: The submittal list indicates, "All cost/fees/rates are to be submitted in a separate sealed file/envelope, as will be requested by City, upon selection of apparent Awardee." As I indicated in the Pre-proposal conference, the wording here is intended for submittal after selection upon request and not to be submitted within the initial RFP.

Question 2:

Answer: Yes, it is possibly to submit them separately. For CDOT projects the questionnaire is a requirement to be submitted, however it doesn't need to come within the package but rather has to be submitted to at some point before final selection. City of Thornton recommends sending with RFP for consideration in

- selection. If the CDOT reference form isn't submitted and your firm is being considered for award, then City of Thornton would have to reach out and obtain these before final short list or selection.
- This Addendum becomes part of the Contract Documents. All other conditions and requirements of the Contract Documents will remain unchanged. Receipt of this Addendum must be acknowledged in the space provided on the Bid Proposal Form in the Project Manual.

END OF ADDENDUM NO. One

DocuSigned by:	
Jim Jensen	12/7/2022
Jim Jensen	Date
Contract Manager	

APPENDIX B

Colorado Department of Transportation AFFIDAVIT OF SMALL BUSINESS PARTICIPATION

		Contract NTE \$					
		DBE Contr	ntract Goal % %				
SECTION 1. CONSULTANT INFORMATIO							
	N						
Prime Consultant			Consultant is an ESB				
Compliance Contact Name	Г			Consultan	t is a DBE		
Email	Address			Phone			
				B2GNow Vendor #			
SECTION 2. DBE PARTICIPATION PLAN							
Fill in All Lines:							
* The consultant is committing to# of DBE firm(s) not teamed with in the past 2 years (as of ad date of RFP, firms with unsuccessful bids allowed, each firm must be listed in this section). * The consultant is committing to approximately \$ of DBE participation based on NTE \$. * The consultant is committing to approximately \$ % DBE goal based on the NTE \$. The Prime Consultant shall submit a Professional Services Commercially Useful Function Questionnaire for every DBE on this contract that provides work or provides supplies whose participation counts toward the DBE contract goal for this contract.							
All DBE firms (Subconsultants, Supplier/Vendors, Prime if self performing)		Work Descriptor (i.e. survey, testing)	NEW DBE Teaming Partner?		ONLY for <i>Project/Program</i> Specific RFP/SOIs Approximate % of Participation		
	Vendor		Yes	☐ No			
	Vendor		Yes	☐ No			
	Vendor		Yes	☐ No			
	Vendor		Yes	☐ No			
	☐ Vendor		Yes	☐ No			
	Vendor		Yes	☐ No			
	Vendor		Yes	☐ No			
	Vendor		Yes	☐ No			
	Vendor		Yes	☐ No			
	Vendor		Yes	☐ No			
If many DDE substance it and described	☐ Vendor		Yes	☐ No			
If more DBE subs/suppliers vendors, add ad	aitional sheet						

APPENDIX C

CDOT PROFESSIONAL SERVICES LOCAL AGENCY CIVIL RIGHTS AND DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE (DBE) CONTRACT REQUIREMENTS

Please refer to CDOT's Local Agency Civil Rights Guidelines for more information: https://www.codot.gov/business/civilrights/la-compliance/overview

The following requirements shall be applied to FHWA-assisted contracts.

I. DEFINITIONS

B2GNow. Web based platform utilized by CDOT to track Civil Rights compliance (DBE/ESB participation) and prompt payment requirements on its contracts. The Consultant will use this platform to submit Utilization Plan(s), Subconsultant and Supplier/Vendor information on the Contract.

CDOT Civil Rights. The CDOT Civil Rights office that assist with the contract and prompt payment requirements on contracts. This can be in either the region or headquarters.

Civil Rights and Business Resource Center (CRBRC). CDOT's Civil Rights office at Headquarters.

Commercially Useful Function (CUF). Responsibility for the execution of work by actually performing, managing, and supervising the work, as described in 49 CFR Part 26.

Commitment. A portion of the Contract designated by the Consultant for participation by DBE firms. The DBE firm(s) are included in the proposal team for participation to meet the Contract Goal. Commitments must identify the work to be performed by the DBE and include the percentage of the contract committed to each DBE firm. Commitments are measured at the end of the contract and are calculated by the actual payments to a DBE firm divided by the total payments made under the Contract.

Contract. Agreement between the Local Agency and the Consultant, whereby the Consultant will be compensated in exchange for providing Professional Services and ancillary services. For purposes of this document, the term "Contract" refers to an individual, executed Task Order for an On-Call Agreement or a Master Contract (overarching agreement) for Project-Specific and Program-Specific Agreements.

Contract Goal Percentage. The percentage of the Contract established by CDOT for reasonable participation by DBEs and stated in the invitation for consultant services.

Consultant. An individual, firm, corporation, or other legal entity with a direct contractual relationship with the Local Agency's solicitation to render Professional Services and ancillary services.

Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE). A Colorado certified Disadvantaged Business Enterprise listed on the Colorado Unified Certification Program (UCP) DBE Directory at www.coloradodbe.org.

Emerging Small Business (ESB). A CDOT certified Emerging Small Business firm listed on the ESB Directory at www.coloradoesb.org.

Good Faith Efforts (GFE). All necessary and reasonable steps to secure the necessary Commitments to meet the Contract Goal or other requirements of this contract, which by their scope, intensity, and appropriateness to the objective could reasonably be expected to fulfill the contract requirement. Guidance on Good Faith Efforts to meet the Contract Goal is provided in 49 CFR Part 26, Appendix A.

Local Agency. A public agency, local public agency, established public owned organization, or private interest that can legally enter into an intergovernmental agreement with CDOT for a transportation related project. This can involve the design, construction or management of State and Federally funded projects.

Professional Services. The practice of architecture, engineering, professional land surveying, landscape architecture, and industrial hygiene as defined in Colorado Revised Statutes (CRS) 24-30-1402 and 48CFR Part 2.

Reduction. Reduction occurs when the Consultant reduces a Commitment to a DBE. A Reduction is a partial Termination.

Subconsultant. An individual, firm, corporation or other legal entity to whom the Consultant sublets part of the contract. For purposes of these requirements, the term Subconsultant includes Suppliers/Vendors.

Substitution. Substitution occurs when a Consultant seeks to find another certified DBE firm to perform work on the contract as a result of a Reduction or Termination.

Termination. Termination occurs when a Consultant no longer intends to use a DBE firm for fulfillment of a Commitment. This includes, but is not limited to, instances in which a Consultant seeks to perform work originally designated for a DBE Subconsultant with its own forces or those of an affiliate, a nonDBE firm, or with another DBE firm.

Utilization Plan (UP). The documentation of Subconsultant and Supplier/Vendor participation on the awarded Contract. The Utilization Plan details all Subconsultants and Suppliers/Vendors included as part of the proposal team and Commitments by percentage made by the Consultant. The Consultant must submit the Utilization Plan within five (5) calendar days of receiving notice from CDOT's B2GNow system.

Vendor. Participant on a CDOT contract that is providing services not considered to be a Professional Services as defined in Colorado Revised Statute 24-30-1402 and 48 CFR Part 2. A vendor would provide Non-Engineering Services (i.e. Geotechnical drilling, Public Information/Relations, traffic control, etc) and would not be overseen by a licensed engineer.

Work Code. A code to identify the work that a DBE is certified to perform. A work code includes a six (6) digit North American Industry Classifications System (NAICS) code plus a descriptor. Work codes are listed on a firm's profile on the Colorado UCP DBE Directory at https://coucp.dbesystem.com/. The Local Agency may include CDOT in discussions for clarification. The consultant may contact the Civil Rights and Business Resource Center to receive guidance on whether a work code covers the work to be performed.

II. NONDISCRIMINATION AND SUBCONTRACTING REQUIREMENTS

The following requirements apply to all contracts and subcontracts on FHWA federally-assisted contracts.

A. Non-discrimination. The Consultant, with regard to the work performed by it during the contract term, will not discriminate on the grounds of race, color, or national origin in the selection and retention of Subconsultants, including procurement of materials and leases of equipment. The Consultant will not participate either directly or indirectly in the discrimination prohibited by the Acts and the Regulations, including employment practices when the contract covers any activity, project, or program set forth in Appendix B of 49 CFR Part 21.

- B. Civil Rights Act of 1964 Title VI. CDOT, in accordance with the provisions of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (78 Stat. 252, 42 US.C. §§ 2000d to 2000d-4) and the Regulations, hereby notifies all bidders that it will affirmatively ensure that for any contract entered into pursuant to this advertisement, disadvantaged business enterprises will be afforded full and fair opportunity to submit bids in response to this invitation and will not be discriminated against on the grounds of race, color, or national origin in consideration for an award.
- C. Consultant Assurance. By submitting a proposal for this contract, the Consultant agrees to the following assurance: The consultant, sub recipient, or subcontractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this Contract. The Consultant shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 in the award and administration of DOT assisted contracts. Failure by the Consultant to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this Contract, which may result in the termination of this Contract. Such other remedy as deems appropriate, which may include, but is not limited to:
 - Withholding monthly progress payments
 - Assessing sanctions
 - Liquidated damages
 - Disqualifying the consultant from future bidding as non responsible
- D. Prompt Payment. Payments to all Subconsultants shall be made within seven (7) calendar days of receipt of payment from the Local Agency, or no later than ninety (90) calendar days from the date of the submission of a complete invoice from the Subconsultant, whichever occurs first. The Local Agency will assist in enforcing the Civil Rights Requirements outlined above as well as prompt payment as outlined in 49 CFR, Part 26. If the Consultant has good cause to dispute an amount invoiced by a Subconsultant, the Consultant shall notify the Subconsultant no later than the required date for payment. Such notification shall include the amount disputed and justification for the withholding. The Consultant shall maintain records of payment that show amounts paid to all Subconsultants. Good cause does not include failure to timely submit an invoice or to deposit payments made. The Consultant shall electronically submit prompt payment audit reports in B2GNow by the fifteenth (15th) of each month through the B2GNow software. If no payment has been made, the Consultant shall document this in the prompt payment audit reporting.
- E. Subcontract Terms. Parts A-D of this section shall be included in all subcontracts or other agreements for the performance of work on the contract.

III. CONTRACT COMMITMENT

At the time of initial proposal, the Consultant must make a contractually binding guarantee to meet the Contract Goal in accordance with 49 CFR 26.53.

- A. Affidavit of Small Business Participation. The Affidavit of Small Business Participation is the Consultant's contractually binding guarantee to meet the Contract Goal or make Good Faith Efforts to do so. CDOT's Affidavit of Small Business Participation form must be submitted with the Consultant's statement of interest proposal. Failure to submit the CDOT Affidavit of Small Business Participation form will result in the Consultant being deemed non responsive and ineligible for award. The Local Agency will copy the top preferred proposals to CDOT's Civil Rights and Business Resource Center (CRBRC) for approval of CDOT's Affidavit of Small Business Participation form. This form includes the commitments to meet the DBE goal.
- B. Contract Utilization Plan (UP). Once the contract is awarded and the Local Agency receives a signed contract, the Local Agency will submit the Local Agency Professional Services B2GNow Contract Information

form for CDOT to set up the contract in the B2GNow system. Once the contract is setup in the system, the Consultant will receive a notice from CDOT within five (5) calendar days of selection, to complete and submit a Utilization Plan via B2GNow. In order to complete the Utilization Plan, the Consultant shall list all DBE, ESB, and nonDBE/ESB Subconsultants and Suppliers/Vendors included as part of its "most qualified" team. The Utilization Plan shall also include all Commitments by percentage.

- C. Consultant Responsibility. The Consultant is solely responsible for ensuring that the Contract Goal is achieved upon completion of the work, expenditure of funds, and/or expiration of the Contract, whichever occurs first. The Local Agency and CDOT assists in the monitoring as oversight agencies.
- D. Contract Good Faith Effort Requirement. The UP will not be approved by CDOT until the Consultant documents sufficient Commitments to meet the Contract Goal or demonstrates Good Faith Efforts to meet the Contract Goal even though it did not succeed in obtaining sufficient Commitments to do so.
 - Good Faith Efforts mean that the Consultant:
 - a. Documents it has obtained enough DBE participation to meet the Contract Goal, or
 - Documents that it made adequate good faith efforts to meet the Contract Goal, even though it did not succeed in obtaining enough DBE participation to do so
 - If the Consultant has not documented sufficient Commitments to meet the Contract Goal, the Consultant shall provide an explanation of its efforts to obtain Commitments by submitting the CDOT's Professional Services Good Faith Efforts Report form and supporting documentation to CRBRC.
 - The CRBRC will conduct a review to determine whether the Consultant has demonstrated Good Faith Efforts to meet the Contract Goal
 - The CRBRC will approve the Contract Utilization Plan if it determines that the Consultant has made Good Faith Efforts to meet the Contract Goal
 - 3. In conducting Good Faith Effort reviews, the CRBRC will utilize the guidance found in Appendix A to 49 CFR Part 26, where applicable. The CRBRC may also consider, but is not limited to, the following factors in evaluating the Consultant's Good Faith Efforts:
 - Performance of other consultants in meeting DBE goals on contracts that have a similar scope of work, contract amount, location, and time frame
 - b. Reason(s) for choosing a nonDBE subconsultant over an interested DBE
 - Documentation of DBEs solicited by the Consultant and verification from the DBEs that they
 were actually contacted by the Consultant
 - d. Past performance by the Consultant on contracts that have a similar scope of work, contract amount, location and time frame
 - e. Any other factors that may be pertinent to the factual circumstances

If the CRBRC determines the Consultant has made Good Faith Efforts to meet the Contract Goal, the Master Contract Utilization Plan will be approved and all documentation of the determination will be uploaded into B2GNow.

E. Administrative Reconsideration. If the CRBRC determines that the Consultant did not demonstrate Good Faith Efforts to meet the Contract Goal, the Consultant will be provided a written notice of its determination and an opportunity for administrative reconsideration by the CDOT Chief Engineer or a designee.

- The Chief Engineer or a designee will conduct administrative reconsideration.
 - a. The Consultant will have five (5) calendar days from the written notice to request administrative reconsideration of an adverse Good Faith Efforts determination
 - The request shall include the basis for reconsideration and any supporting documentation that the Consultant would like to be considered as part of the reconsideration
 - c. The reconsideration should also specify whether the Consultant is requesting an informal, in person or telephonic hearing with CDOT to address the issues in the Good Faith Efforts determination
 - If a request for an informal hearing is not made, the Consultant will be deemed to have waived this opportunity
- Upon a hearing request, the Civil Rights and Business Resource Center will establish a date and time for the hearing and send written notice via email to the Consultant, the Local Agency and Civil Rights at least two (2) business days in advance of the hearing.
 - a. If schedules permit, the parties may waive the two (2) business day requirement
 - The CDOT Chief Engineer or designee may request additional documentation from the Consultant and/or the Local Agency
 - A copy of all requests and responses should be provided to the other party and the other party shall be given an opportunity to respond
- The CDOT Chief Engineer or a designee shall issue the final determination as to whether the Consultant made Good Faith Efforts to meet the Contract Goal.
 - The determination will be in writing and explain the basis for the CDOT Chief Engineer's or designee decision regarding whether or not the Consultant demonstrated Good Faith Efforts to meet the Contract Goal
 - The Good Faith Efforts determination of the CDOT Chief Engineer or designee is not appealable

IV. ELIGIBLE DBE PARTICIPATION

In order to count towards the Contract Goal, (1) the work performed by the DBE Consultant, Subconsultant, or Supplier/Vendor must be identified in an approved Commitment, and (2) the Consultant, Subconsultant, or Supplier/Vendor must be DBE certified in the committed work upon submission of the Commitment. The Local Agency will evaluate whether the work it is committed to perform can reasonably be construed to fall within the work areas for which the DBE Consultant, Subconsultant, or Supplier/Vendor is certified. The Local Agency may request assistance from CDOT if needed.

- A. If a Consultant, Subconsultant, or Supplier/Vendor is decertified as a DBE following the approval of a Contract, its participation on that Contract may continue to count as DBE participation.
- B. DBE participation will be tracked through the B2GNow.
- C. Only work actually performed by the DBE will count towards the Contract Goal.

- The Consultant may count the entire amount of fees or commissions charged by a DBE firm for:
 - a. Providing a bona fide service, such as professional, technical, consultant, or managerial services; and/or
 - b. Providing assistance in the procurement of essential personnel, facilities, equipment, materials or supplies required for the performance of work, provided that the fee or commission is determined by the Local Agency to be reasonable and not excessive as compared with fees customarily allowed for similar services
- When a DBE subcontracts part of the work of its contract to another firm, individual, or entity, the value of the subcontracted work may only be counted if the subcontractor is also a DBE certified firm.
 - a. Work that a DBE subcontracts out to a non-certified firm will not count toward the goal
 - b. DBE firms may use an employee leasing company for the work
 - The participation of the leased employees will count only if the certified DBE firm maintains an employer-employee relationship with the leased employees
 - ii. This includes being responsible for hiring, firing, training, assigning, and otherwise controlling the on-the-job activities of the leased employees, as well as ultimate responsibility for wage and tax obligations related to the employees
 - Unless certified in the work to be performed, staffing agencies only count toward the Contract Goal for placement fees and any hourly fee beyond the temporary employee's actual rate of pay
- 3. When a DBE performs as a participant in a joint venture:
 - a. Only the portion of the total dollar value of the contract equal to the distinct, clearly defined portion of the work that the DBE performs with its own forces may count toward the Goal
 - In order to receive credit, the joint venture agreement must be submitted as an attachment in the utilization plan submitted through B2GNow for review and approval by CDOT
- C. A DBE must be performing a Commercially Useful Function, as defined by 49 CFR 26.55(c), in order for its participation to count towards the Contract Goal.
 - 1. To perform a Commercially Useful Function:
 - a. The DBE must be responsible for the execution of the work to be performed and
 - b. Actually performing, managing, and supervising the work
 - In evaluating whether a DBE is performing a Commercially Useful Function, the Local Agency will consider factors, including but not limited to:
 - The amount of subcontracted work
 - b. Industry practices, and
 - Whether payment to the DBE is commensurate with the work for which the DBE is claiming credit, and any other relevant factors
 - DBE does not perform a Commercially Useful Function if its role is limited to that of an extra
 participant in a transaction through which funds are passed in order to obtain the appearance of DBE
 participation.

- 4. A DBE is presumed as not performing a Commercially Useful Function:
 - a. When it does not perform or exercise responsibility for at least thirty (30) percent of the total cost of the work it is contracted to perform with its own workforce; or
 - b. When the DBE subcontracts a greater portion of its work than would be expected based on normal industry practice for the type of work involved.
 - In these circumstances, the DBE may present evidence to CDOT in order to rebut the presumption.
- In order to finalize the Contract, the Consultant must have submitted a Professional Services
 Commercially Useful Function Questionnaire form for each DBE firm that performed work or provided supplies toward meeting the contract goal. The DBE, Consultant and Engineer must sign the Professional Services Commercially Useful Function Questionnaire form.
- The Local Agency's determinations regarding Commercially Useful Function matters are not appealable.

V. UTILIZATION PLAN MODIFICATIONS

A. Reduction, Substitution, Termination. Reduction, Substitution, or Termination during the life of the Contract shall only be permitted at the discretion of the Local Agency based upon a demonstration of Good Cause by the Consultant. The Consultant may not Reduce, Substitute, Terminate, or add Commitments without the Local Agency's approval. Consultants may request modification approval to the Local agency. The Local Agency may request for CDOT's assistance and/or use CDOT's Professional Services DBE Participation Plan Modification Request form.

- Notice to Subconsultant. Before requesting the Local Agency approval, the Consultant must give the
 DBE Subconsultant notice in writing of the Consultant's intent to Reduce, Substitute or Terminate the
 Subconsultant's work. Unless otherwise waived in writing by the DBE, the Consultant must give the
 DBE five (5) calendar days to respond to the Consultant's notice d advise the Local Agency of
 objections, if any, that it objects to the proposed Reduction, Termination and/or Substitution and why
 the Consultant's proposed action should not be approved. If required as a matter of public necessity
 (e.g., safety), the Local Agency may waive or reduce the period to respond. The DBE firm may also
 voluntarily waive the response period.
- 2. Good Cause Requirement. A Consultant must demonstrate Good Cause before a request for Reduction, Substitution or Termination can be approved by the Local Agency. Good Cause does not exist if Reduction, Substitution or Termination of a DBE is sought solely so that the Consultant can self perform the work for which the DBE was engaged or so that the Consultant can substitute another firm to perform the work. In evaluating whether Good Cause exists, the Local Agency will consider, but is not limited to, the following factors:
 - a. Changes in the scope of work or scheduling that directly impacts the work committed to the DBE
 - Failure or refusal by the DBE to execute a written contract
 - c. Failure or refusal by the DBE to perform the work of its subcontract consistent with normal the industry standards, provided that such failure is not the result of bad faith or discriminatory actions of the Consultant or one of its Subconsultants

- The DBE fails to meet reasonable, nondiscriminatory insurance requirement
- The DBE becomes bankrupt, insolvent, or exhibits credit unworthiness
- The DBE is ineligible to work because of suspension or debarment proceedings or other state law
- g. The DBE is not a responsible Consultant
- The listed DBE voluntarily withdraws from the project and provides to the Consultant written notice of its withdrawal
- i. The listed DBE is ineligible to receive credit for its participation
- The DBE owner dies or becomes disabled and the firm is unable to complete the work it is committed to perform
- The DBE ceases business operations or otherwise dissolves; and/or
- Other documented good cause reasons determined by the Local Agency to compel the termination of the DBE Subconsultant
- Good Faith Effort Requirement. When a Commitment is Reduced or Terminated (including when a
 DBE withdraws), the Consultant shall make Good Faith Efforts to find a Substitution up to the Contract
 Goal for the DBE whose Commitment has been Terminated or Reduced, Substitutions do not have to be
 in the same type of work that was Terminated or Reduced.
 - Prior to making a Substitution, the Consultant must receive the Local Agency's approval for the Substitution.
 - b. An approval of the modification constitutes a modification of the Utilization Plan through CDOT. Each substitute DBE approved by the Local Agency must have documentation. Documentation similar to a Project Cost Worksheet for Subconsultants or Letter of Intent for a Supplier/Vendor that shows commitments to the firm on the contract are required. Once approved, the Local Agency will work with the CRBRC to modify the UP in B2GNow.

VI. ENFORCEMENT

It is the responsibility of the Local Agency and Consultant to ensure that Commitments are fulfilled or to request Utilization Plan modifications in a timely manner as described in Section VI. Approvals under the Contract are not an explicit or implicit approval by the Local Agency or CDOT of any Commitment Terminations, Reductions, Substitutions, or any other waiver of the Contract Civil Rights requirements.

A. The Local Agency may conduct reviews or investigations of participants as necessary. All participants on the Contract, including, but not limited to, DBE Subconsultants or Suppliers/Vendors are required to cooperate fully and promptly with compliance reviews, certification reviews, investigations, and other requests for information. This also includes applicants for DBE certification, ESB Subconsultants and applicants for ESB certification, complainants, and Consultants using Subconsultants to meet the Contract Goal.

B. If the Local Agency determines that a Consultant, Subconsultant or Supplier/Vendor was a knowing and willing participant in any intended or actual subcontracting arrangement contrived to artificially inflate DBE participation or any other business arrangement determined by the Local Agency to be unallowable, or if the Consultant engages in repeated violations, falsification or misrepresentation, the Local Agency may:

- 1. Refuse to count any fraudulent or misrepresented DBE/ESB participation
- 2. Withhold progress payments to the Consultant commensurate with the violation
- 3. Reduce the Consultant's prequalification status

- Refer the matter to the Office of Inspector General of the US Department of Transportation for investigation; and/or
- 5. Seek any other available contractual remedy

VI. CONTRACT CLOSEOUT

The Local Agency will collect a completed CDOT *Professional Services Closeout Report* form upon completion of the work, expenditure of funds, and/or expiration of the Contract, whichever comes first. This form will report the final actual DBE participation on the Contract and any amounts for which CDOT will be seeking reimbursement due to the Consultant not meeting Commitments. The Local Agency will submit the form to CDOT Civil Rights with submission of the final invoice.